## **Group Lesson Plan 1**

Team name: Part 5	
	members: <u>Brittney Shively, Nastassia Estreda, Reyna Llamas, Damian Santillan, Kyle</u> oson, Dominic True
Topic	to teach: Fact and Opinion
Readir	ng: _(My Reading) Being Bullied byJoy Berry
Genera	al goal(s): Teach the kids the difference between fact and opinion
-	ic objectives (number of objectives is determined by the team):
1.	Define Fact – Something that can be proven
2.	Define Opinion- Cannot be proved, based on someone's thoughts, feelings and judgements.
3.	Define hypothesis – educated guess, tests must be done to make sure the hypothesis is correct.
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Materi	als required: Quiz, paper, pencil, book
	uction of the lesson to group being taught: introduce group, small summary of what we're to be teaching them.
	ce examples: specific from my reading of "Being Bullied"  "You are a nobody" - opinion
1.	
2.	Fact: bullies are people who act tough and like to fight.
3.	Bullies opinion- "I wish I could play, but they probably wouldn't want to play with me."
4.	Fact: Some people become bullies because they need attention. They want people to notice them.
5.	Opinion: "I think we had better stay away from this kid."
6.	Fact: bullies are less likely to bother you if you do not pay attention to them.

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Specif	ic Examples: Specific to my book "Being Bullied"
1.	Bullies act tough and fight so they are as good as or better than other people
2.	Examples of being bullied: tries to control you, tries to frighten you into doing something
3.	Ignore bullies if you have to be around them
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5.	_ If impossible to ignore – Tell them to leave you alone, be kind.
6.	Walk away from bullies
7.	Get help, tell your parents, teacher and or baby sitter
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Quiz e	xamples:
1.	Name a Fact about being bullied
2.	What kind of opinion does a bully have about other kids?
3.	"We'd like you to play with us, but not if you insist on being a bully." Is that statement a fact or an opinion?
4.	"It's not nice being a bully" Is that statement a fact of an opinion?
5.	Some people are bullies because they are frightened. Is that a fact or opinion?
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Team evaluation of learning group: Teach each group of 5 <sup>th</sup> and 6 <sup>th</sup> graders the difference between fact and opinion through how it relates to the picture book we read aloud to them.
Team evaluation of their own teaching strategies:
Group Lesson Plan 2
Team name:  Team members: Brittney, Nastassia, Reyna, Damian, Kyle, Dominic
Topic to teach: Modes of Writing
Reading:Little Moon Dog byHelen Ward
General goal(s): Explain the different modes of writing, especially narrative writing, since that's what I am teaching through my book.
Specific objectives (number of objectives is determined by the team):

10R	efer to my book as narrative writing
11. 7	Teach some facts and opinions from the previous lessons
11	telen some racio and opiniono from the previous resistant
12 F	Have the students summarize and take vocabulary home with them.
12	HAVE THE STURMEN SUMMEN TO THE WAY OF THE WA
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Materials	required: Book, Quiz, Notecards, Pens
Waterials	required. <u>Book, Quiz, Notecards, Pens</u>
Intro du oti	ion of the lesson to supply height tought. Pur poing to good "I ittle Moon Doo" and
	on of the lesson to group being taught: <u>I'm going to read "Little Moon Dog," and</u> about a mode of writing called Narrative.
Specific e	explanations:
•	There is ONE voice telling the story, that of the man on the moon
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9. 🗀	The events occur occording to time

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Practice examples:	
11. Time line of what went on during the story	
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12. Explain who the narrarator was	
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Quiz examples:	
11. Who was the narrarator of the story?	
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12. Write out, or tell the time line of how things went
13. Was there any fact or opinions?
14. What kind of story was this? True or Fictional?
15. What was the message in this narrative?
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we were teaching the 6 <sup>th</sup> graders.
Team evaluation of their own teaching strategies: My strategies work well; I taught the kids what and how to tell if the story was a narrative. Or any other mode of writing as well.
Vocabulary: Tranquil: peaceful, calm, and quiet
Mischievous: causing annoyance, harm, or trouble
Tourists: a person who is travelling
Supper: Evening meal, Dinner

## **Group Lesson Plan 3**

Team name:	
Team members: Brittney, Nastassia. Reyna, Damion, Kyle, Dominic	
Topic to teach: Topics, Main Ideas, Authors Purpose, Transition words	
Reading:Wacky WednesdayTheo Lesieg	by
General goal(s): Teach the students what the main Idea and Authors Purpose is	S.
Specific objectives (number of objectives is determined by the team):  16. Make sure students understand what the topic, main idea, and authors p	ourpose, are and
mean	
17. Use transition words, for examples	
18. Give students vocabulary words	
19. Quiz students on what I taught them	
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Materials required: Book, Quiz, note cards, pens	
Introduction of the lesson to group being taught: Today I'm going to be reading "Wacky	
Wednesday" and teaching you about what the main idea and Authors Purpose is.	
Specific explanations:  15. Main Idea – Wednesday was wacky, all things were going wrong.	
16. <u>Topic – Wednesday being wacky</u>	
17. Details – everything that happened throughout the day	
18. Explain any vocabulary words	
19. Authors purpose- to explain all things wacky in his day, but to show you it may have al been in his head afterall.	1
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Practice examples:
21. Explain what the main idea of the book was
22. Explain things with examples from the book
23. Authors purpose throughout the book
24. Vocabulary words defines through the fact
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Quiz examples:
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21. What was the Authors purpose?
22. What was the Main idea?
23. What do details do in a story?
24. Were things wacky, or were they just his imagination?
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Team evaluation of learning group: Authors purpose was easy to learn and teach the kids	
because it was found in any book, easily.	
Team evaluation of their own teaching strategies: For this topic to teach it might have been	
easier to get my point across if I would've chosen a little bit harder book to read	
Vocabulary –	
Wacky: odd or irrational; crazy	
Murmured: a low, continuous sound.	
Group Lesson Plan 4	
Team name:	
Team members: Brittney, Nastassia, Reyna, Kyle, Dominic, Damion	
Team memoers. <u>Bittiney, Trustussia, Reyna, Ryte, Bomme, Barmon</u>	
Topic to teach: Authors Tone	
Reading:Rapunzel byPaul O.	
Zelinsky	
General goal(s): Teach the students what Authors Tone is through reading rapunzel	
General goal(s). Teach the students what Muthors Tone is through reading rapulizer	
Specific objectives (number of objectives is determined by the team):	
23. Teach the kids: What tone is, and how to tell	

24. Definition of tone, and explain the different types	
25. Become Familiar with ironic devices	
26. Become familiar with Satirical devices	
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Materials required: Lesson plan, quiz, pens, book, note cards	
Introduction of the lesson to group being taught: Has your parent ever said "Watch your Tone	,"
Well Tone is the emotional quality of a story, having attitude or emotion.	
Specific explanations:	
22. Tone: refers to emotional quality of a story, the persons attitude or expression	
23. Irony- contrast between what people say and what they really mean	

24Situational Irony- what's expected to happen, and what really does happen.
25. Satire- uses of ridicule to create awareness of flaws and to bring about change.
26. Caricture- for of satire, characters are exaggerated
27Hyperbole- language what exaggerates.
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Practice examples:
31. Know tone of the story Rapunzel
32. Point out and Irony
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33. Point out satir
34. Find examples of hyperbole, caricature, and situational irony
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Quiz examples:
31. what is the tone of Rapunzel?

32. Was there irony in the story?
33. Was there any satire used?
34. Was rapunzel an example of Caricture? Was /anything about her Exaggerated?
35. Was something expected to occur that didn't
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Team evaluation of learning group: Tone was a harder topic to teach then the other topics in the
past weeks, it wasn't as easy to find examples in the books we were reading.
Team evaluation of their own teaching strategies: My stratigies of pointing out examples during
the reading, and also handing out vocab works well with the students
Vocabulary-
Sorrow: distress caused by loss, affliction, and disappointment
Sorceress: Witch
Luxuriant: Abundant or lush in growth
Abundance: an extremely plentiful or over sufficient quantity of something.

Sheared: Trimmed to an even or symmetrical uniformed length